

IRC Team Description Paper 2018

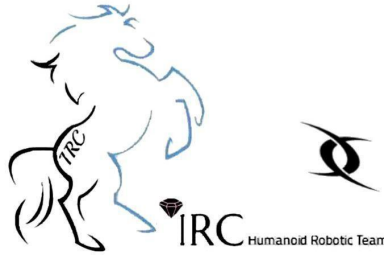
Adult-size Humanoid Robot Soccer Team

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Abstract: This paper describes the Artin Humanoid Adult-size Robot trying to qualify for RoboCup2018 competition. The main characters of our Robot including mechanical design, electrical design, vision part and software design are described and some new improvements that have been made or are planned to be implemented for RoboCup 2018.

Key Words: RoboCup, Autonomous Humanoid Robot, Real-time Controlling

1. Introduction

To stimulate the development of multifunction humanoid robot, there are two well-known robot competitions held annually in the world, namely FIRA Robo-World Cup[1] and RoboCup[2]. Both of them contain several challenge events to encourage research in practical such as stable walk pattern generation[3-7], real-time image processing, intelligent decision making system, and fully autonomous ability[8].

Actually main aims of this type competitions and this kind of activities to increase the scope of artificial intelligence from various aspects. In this way, our team obtained 3rd place in the first appearance at RoboCup 2016 and again obtained 3rd place at RoboCup 2017. However, our team after the RoboCup all their efforts to improve different aspects of IRC robot.

Hardware and electronics

The characteristics of our robot hardware and software have been discussed in two separate parts in this section.

1.1. Mechanical structure

Artin that shown in figure 1. The most parts of mechanical structure in lower limb of robot is building of aluminum alloy by CNC machining. Also the upper body of Artin printed by 3D printer with PLA Alloys. The actuators used in Artin is MX-106t servo motors series that manufactured by Robotis company. Number of motors used for each kinematic chain of knee-shin-ankle-foot is 17, which enables 6 DOF in each leg. Also in the Artin's hands 3 motors for each hand used. Finally, there are 2 motors for robot head for pan and tilt movement of camera. In total DOF of Artin is 20. The Artin's configuration details have been explained in table 1.

Table 1. Hardware details of Artin

Robot System	Artin
Weight	25 kg
Height	133 cm
DOF	20
Actuators	MX-106
Vision System	Imaging Source® DFK 23G618
Processing unit	Intel® Core™ i5 4250U processor, QBOX mini pc 2000
OS	Windows 10
Battery	Li-Po 11.1 V 8000 mA

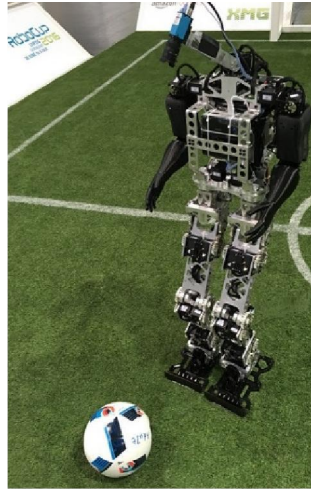


Fig 1. Artin mechanical structure

1.1. Electronics Structure

We used different kind of electronic modules that detailed below for controlling different parts of our robot that in this part we describe all of them. Also, the electrical design of our robot shown in figure 2.

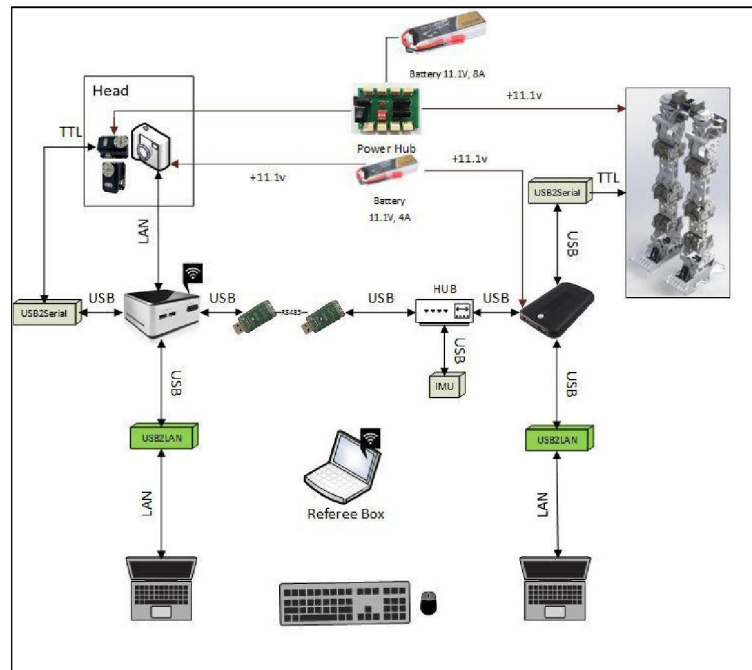


Fig 2. Electronic design of Artin

1.2. Mini PC: Intel® NUC

We used this module as central processing unit which its operation system is windows 7.

- Intel® Core™ i5 4250U processor
- DDR3 SO-DIMM Socket
- 1x HDMI, 1x Mini HDMI, 4x USB3.0

- 1x Phone Jack for both Line-Out & Mic-In

1.3. QBOX mini pc 2000

We used this module to control all of servo motors to help robot walking process which its operation system is windows 7.

- Intel® Atom™ Processor N2600
- Intel® NM10 Express Chipset
- DDR3 SO-DIMM Socket
- 1x HDMI, 3x USB2.0
- 1x Phone Jack for both Line-Out & Mic-In
- 1x mSATA
- 1x mPCIe Socket for Wi-Fi Module

1.4. GY80

This module contains compass (HMC5883L), accelerometer (ADXL345) and gyroscope (L3G4200D) sensors that are used for the purpose of this information is to maintain balance and orientation.

• Description:

- ✓ Nine-axis module (Three-axis gyroscope + triaxial accelerometer + 3-axis magnetic field + pressure)
- ✓ Immersion Gold PCB process
- ✓ The use of chip: L3G4200D + the ADXL345 + HMC5883L + BMP085
- ✓ Power supply :3-5v
- ✓ Means of communication: IIC communication protocol (fully compatible with the system 3-5v)
- ✓ Module Size: 25.8mm * 16.8mm mounting hole 3mm
- ✓ Standard 2.54mm pin interface, convenient bread plate experiments connection

1.5. Machine vision

1.5.1. Imaging Source DFK 23G618 camera

In our robot image processing and machine vision step we used an industrial camera that named "DFK 23U618" in new Robot, that made by "Imaging source" company. The configuration of this camera presented as follow.

2. Software Description:

In this part we describe our humanoid robot software's detail and characteristics in separate parts as follow.

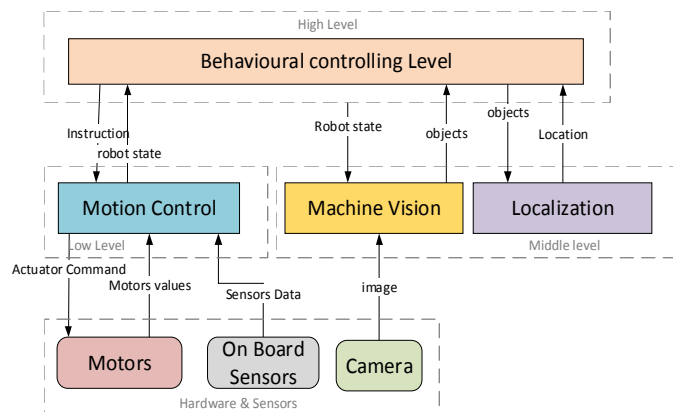


Fig 3: ARTIN's software architecture

2.1. Robot Motions and Controlling

As we know one of the serious challenges in adult size humanoid robots is walking in the field. For this issue we have to use some different kinds of sensors. According to the previous section, we used QBOX mini pc for controlling our robot to walking. But, in the previous version[9] of IRC Robot, had been used CM9 controller for this task. In this way, we used GY80 sensor data. This data is used for balancing our robot in the different fields. It's obvious that when one humanoid robot is walking in the field there are a lot of noise in our balance sensor. Therefore, we implemented Kalman Filter for improving this sensor data.

There are no sources in the current document. Finally, we are going to improve our robot behaviors step by step, also we aim to use evolutionary algorithms on our robot as much as it is possible.

Reference:

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