

Avan Simulation Team

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Introduction

This paper presents an overview of Avan's approach to build multi-agent systems and activities in RoboCup. Our scientific approach in working on multi-agent systems and distributed intelligence is based on *Planning*. We have paid attention to **3T** as a known autonomous agent control architecture. In this way some strategies have been selected to provide significant assistance in the design of autonomous intelligent control. The most important items are: *Modularity* for simplifying both design and control, *Hierarchically Organized Action Selection* for focusing attention and providing prioritization when different modules conflict, and *Environment Monitoring System* for allowing attention to shift and priorities to be reevaluated [1].

3T architecture have been selected to improve some features of Avan's autonomous agents, such as communication, planning, action scheduling, execution monitoring, coordination and learning. Reactive Action Packages (**RAP**) is an architecture that has been used for the middle layer of 3T. Our main goal in this project was to create reactive, flexible, situation-driven and coachable plans using RAP architecture [2],[3] .

Debugging and verifying for such a distributed control program is so difficult and directly related to their distributed nature. We have developed a tool called *Task Monitor* for sequencing (RAPS) and control skills tier. It shows hierarchical actions, although it would be possible to display flat action structure (where all actions are leaf actions) [4].

The control system and programming of Avan agents are provided via a GUI called *Plan-Editor*, in which executable actions are treated as basic building blocks that can be chained together to achieve a larger more complex goal in the style of an *Skill Network*. To achieve this and in order to have a coachable team, a language based on Clang has been used, with some conventional loops and conditional selection. The *plan file* is the output of the Plan-Editor in Clang and represents the behavior of the agent. For an agent in the plan file there is a set of capabilities (potential objective or goal) and a collection of reuseable generic behaviors that may be planned and executed to achieve the objectives [5].

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